



Sovereign Peoples Assembly of Western Australia

Peoples Notice of Statement and Claim of Right

Date: 02/03/2024

Claim Number: -56923630

Claimants Name/s: Michael Thomas of the family Holt

Claim Title: Treason in Melbourne County Court and ors.

Community of: Maroochydore

I/we, {Insert Name:9}, give notice to the people of the community, my/our statement of my /our claim of right and lawful excuse to convene and establish a Common Law Court under my liberty as a flesh and blood man or woman; and I do hereby call upon the support of all competent men and women to assist me/us in this lawful right.

I/we further give notice to the people of my/our claim of right and lawful excuse to convene and establish as part of such a court, a jury of my peers, consisting of at least 12 men or women, to judge a matter affecting the wellbeing, rights and safety of myself/us and my community.

That matter being the following:

I/We, give notice to the people of the community, my/our statement of my /our claim of right and lawful excuse to convene and establish a Common Law Court under my liberty as a flesh and blood man or woman; and I do hereby call upon the support of all competent men and women to assist me/us in this lawful right. I/we further give notice to the people of my/our claim of right and lawful excuse to convene and establish as part of such a court, a jury of my peers, consisting of at least 12 men or women, to judge a matter affecting the wellbeing, rights and safety of myself/us and my community. That matter being the following:

Facts of the dispute

1. My right to live my life without fear of arbitrary arrest and imprisonment as guaranteed by the Magna Carta, the English Bill of Rights 1689, the Constitution, 268:20 Criminal Code Act 1995, and 268:12 Criminal Code Act 1995 which creates a 17-year criminal offence for denying Articles 9 and 14 of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights have been denied, and this has had a negative impact on my mental and physical health, and the mental health of my wife and children.
2. The law is supposed to protect the innocent, and I have always maintained that I am innocent of the charge levelled against me, because even though I did publish the article I did so because I have an absolute inalienable right that I was born with to express myself in any way, shape or form I wish, provided I do no harm.
3. This was further guaranteed by the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, which is enshrined in Federal law.

4. The Commonwealth Director of Public Prosecutions never proved any harm against anyone. They simply accused me of publishing an article contravening a Supreme Court Victoria suppression order.

5. In 1980 the government signed the State of Australia to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights.

6. This Covenant was confirmed as law in 1986 as Schedule 2 to the Australian Human Rights Commission Act 1986, and further confirmed as Australian law in S 268:12 Criminal Code Act 1995 and S 268:20 Criminal Code Act 1995.

7. These two statutes make it a seventeen years imprisonment Offence to make Rules of Court that contradict the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights which incorporates the Principles of Christianity into the law all people are entitled to enjoy in common, the Common Law.

8. The Supreme Court Melbourne issued a charge against me by the CDPP Melbourne over four years ago.

9. Since then, they have dragged me through the Melbourne courts even though I have pointed out many times that I am not a subject of Victoria, and Constitution S 80 protects me from being charged for a crime I am accused of committing in one state and being tried in another.

10. I have been arrested in Qld, flown by 2 AFP agents to Melbourne (kidnapping), and illegally incarcerated in Melbourne without trial for six days, so I'm including the AFP in the claim as well, because they sent two agents to my home to arrest and escort me to Melbourne.

11. There is a Lawful Due Process when there is a claim and that is;

11.1. The claimant must prove their claim

11.2. The accused must be heard

11.3. A competent court must make a determination, and

11.4. Only then can remedy be administered.

12. Charges brought against the defendants:

12.1 CRIMES ACT 1914 - SECT 42

Conspiracy to defeat justice

(1) A person commits an offence if:

(a) the person conspires with another person to obstruct, to prevent, to pervert or to defeat the course of

justice in relation to a judicial power; and

(b) the judicial power is the judicial power of the Commonwealth.

Penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

12.2 CRIMES ACT 1914 - SECT 43

Attempting to pervert justice

(1) A person commits an offence if:

- (a) the person attempts to obstruct, to prevent, to pervert or to defeat the course of justice in relation to a judicial power; and
- (b) the judicial power is the judicial power of the Commonwealth.

Penalty: Imprisonment for 10 years.

12.3 Section 268.12 of the Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth)

Crimes Against Humanity Imprisonment

Crime against humanity—imprisonment or other severe deprivation of physical liberty

(1) A person (the perpetrator) commits an offence if:

- (a) the perpetrator imprisons one or more persons or otherwise severely deprives one or more persons of physical liberty; and
- (b) the perpetrator's conduct violates article 9, 14 or 15 of the Covenant; and
- (c) the perpetrator's conduct is committed intentionally or knowingly as part of a widespread or systematic attack directed against a civilian population.

Penalty: Imprisonment for 17 years.

12.4 Section 274.2(1) of the Criminal Code Act 1995 (Cth)

Torture

The Criminal Code Act 1995, Section 274.2 defines torture when a perpetrators' conduct has inflicted severe mental pain and suffering through forms of intimidation and coercion while they are acting in their capacity as a public official.

The use of intimidation, which can be referred to as any act that creates fear of physical or mental harm. It can also include the process of attempting to coerce or deter an action by inducing fear.

Penalty: Maximum imprisonment 20 years

12.5 CRIMINAL CODE 1899 - SECT 354

Kidnapping

(1) Any person who kidnaps another person is guilty of a crime.

Penalty—Maximum penalty—7 years imprisonment.

(2) A person kidnaps another person if the person unlawfully and forcibly takes or detains the other

person with intent to gain anything from any person or to procure anything to be done or omitted to

be done by any person.

Defendants Name

Judge Meryl Sexton, Judge Michael Bourke, Judge Elizabeth Hollingworth, Scott Bruckard PSM (acting) Director of Public Prosecutions, Reece Kershaw APM Commissioner of the Australian Federal Police (AFP)

Remedy Sought

I have already served an invoice to the offenders, The total penalties I have charged according to

the law is over \$44 million. If they are convicted by a jury, I want the whole amount due to me in gold and silver only.

I also want the total maximum prison terms awarded to the defendants. 64 years each.

I/We, further give notice to the people that the said jury of my/our peers claims the jurisdictional competence to judge this matter and issue a sentence and verdict within this Common Law Court established to render such a judgement, based upon proven and irrefutable evidence presented within its Court.

I/we hereby openly call upon and request the support of my/our community to establish this Common Law court and its jury of twelve men and women, to be sworn to act in such a capacity for the duration of the court proceedings, according to Common Law and the rules of evidence and Lawful Due Process. I/we make this peoples claim of right freely, without coercion or ulterior motive, in the interest of justice and the welfare of the people and the community.

Claimant Email

mikeh@commonlaw.earth

Claimant Phone Number

0466 119 458

Court Registrar stamp: